

4th FORM

BOOKLET



El objetivo del presente cuadernillo es que las familias tengan material para que sus hijos hagan un repaso antes de comenzar las clases. Con esto buscamos disminuir los efectos de la curva del olvido y ayudar a nuestros alumnos a que tengan un buen año lectivo.

El presente cuadernillo debe ser realizado en el mes de febrero, dos semanas antes de empezar las clases.



Hi!



I'm your 4th form booklet and together we are going to get ready for next year!!!
The tips below will help us!

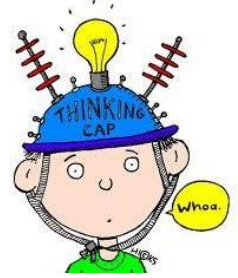
TIPS:

- ❖ Find a nice place to work.
- ❖ Start two weeks before the first day of school.
- ❖ Do the activities little by little: around three pages a day.
- ❖ Pay attention to instructions.
- ❖ Colour the pictures if you want.
- ❖ Check all the activities are complete.

LET'S HAVE FUN TOGETHER!!!



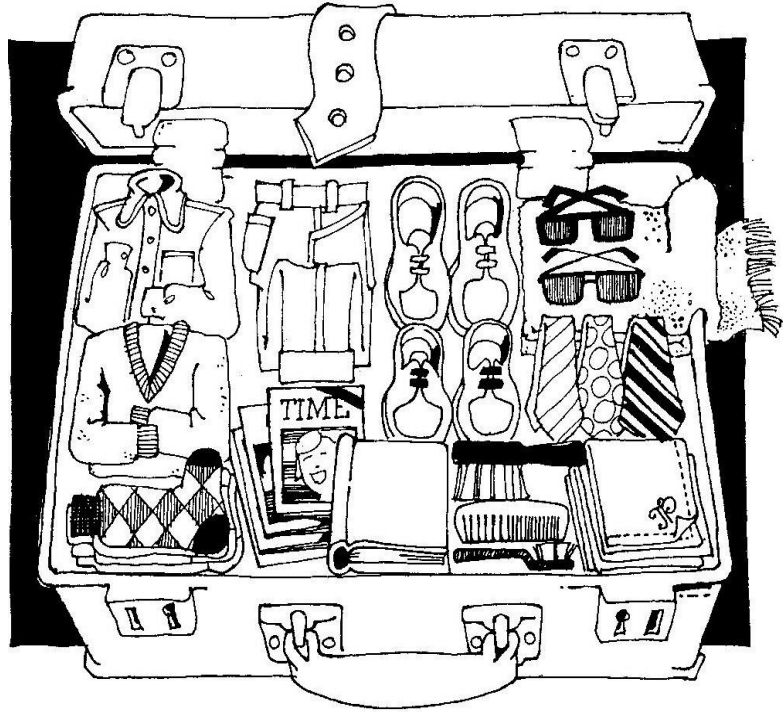
There is / There are



1- What's in the suitcase?

Use these nouns:

- shirt
- shoe
- pullover
- trousers
- book
- towel
- tie
- brush
- comb
- toothbrush
- magazine
- sock
- sunglasses
- handkerchief



There's a shirt, there are two pairs of shoes, there are some magazines

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



Have got / Has got

2-Ask and answer questions. Then write them.

	lemonade	sweets	milk	apples	cherries
Jane	×	□	×	□	×
Jason	□	×	×	□	×

□ = has got

× = has not got

1 Jane / lemonade? ...*Has Jane got any lemonade? – No, she hasn't.*

2 Jane / sweets?

.....

3 they / milk?

.....

4 Jason / apples?

.....

5 Jane / cherries?

.....



About you

3-Answer these questions with full sentences.

1 Have you and your parents got a house or an apartment?

We.....

2 How many rooms has it got?

It.....

3 Has it got a balcony or garden?

.....

4 Have you got a cat or dog?

I.....

5 Have you got a bicycle?

.....

Present Continuous

4-Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1 Mike **is sitting** in a Jumbo jet.
(sit)

2 He and his family
to America. (fly)





3 They a meal. (have)



4 They to Florida for their holiday. (go)



5 Mike's mum a newspaper. (read)





6 We.....Language
now. (study)



7 Paul in the
garden. (work)



5-Look at the pictures. Say and write sentences. Use short forms



She's eating an apple.
She isn't eating cherries.



They _____



I _____



He _____



We _____



She _____

Adverbs of Frequency

6-Put the verbs in the correct places. Be careful!

Dogs bark at night. (often)

Dogs often bark at night.

Birds are noisy. (often)

.....

Giraffes are tall. (always)

.....

Cats go out at night. (usually)

.....

Bears climb trees. (sometimes)

.....



Rabbits have long ears. (always)

.....

Monkeys are very clever. (usually)

.....

Snakes bite people. (sometimes)

.....

Cats like water. (rarely)

.....

Chickens fly. (never)

.....

Ducks stand on one leg. (often)

.....

7-Answer these questions. There are lots of possible answers

➤ **What animal sometimes has red eyes?**

A rabbit sometimes has red eyes.

What animal always has a tail?

A horse always has a tail.

1 What animal always lives near water?

.....



2 What animal rarely moves fast?

.....

3 What animal sometimes climbs trees?

.....

4 What animal usually jumps?

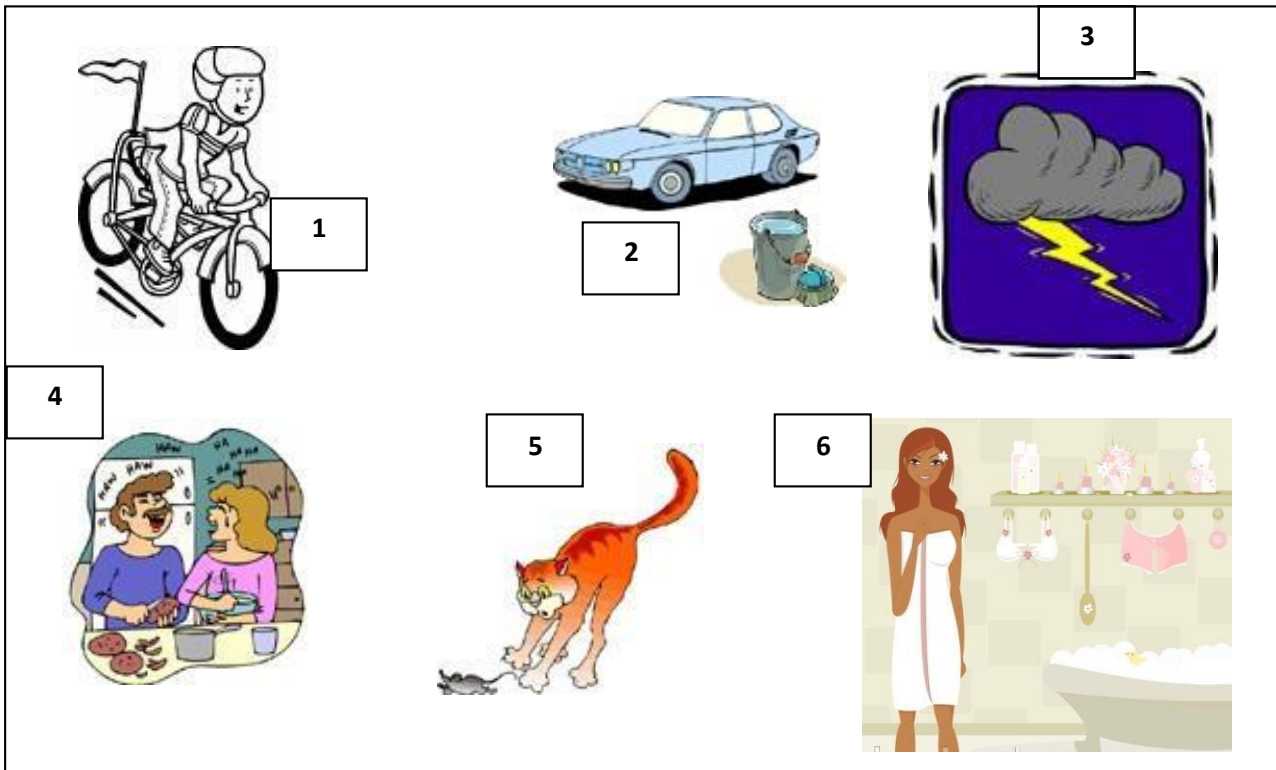
.....

5 What animal usually eats grass?

.....

Going to

8-Look at the pictures. What's going to happen?



1 He is going to fall off the bike.



2 He.....

3.....

4.....

5.....

6.....

9-Match the sentences

Mo and Snapper are running.
Snapper is playing with Mo's radio.
Mo's father is at the newsagent's.
Mo's sister is switching the television on.
Mo's mother is sitting in the sun.
Mo and his family are packing their suitcases.
Pad draws good pictures.
Mo doesn't do his homework.
Mo is wrapping a present.
Mo's mother is going to the post office.
Snapper and Mo are in the sweet shop.

She's going to get very hot.
They're going to go on holiday.
He's going to break it.
They're going to get tired.
She's going to watch a cartoon.
He's going to buy a newspaper.
He isn't going to pass his tests.
She's going to post a letter.
He's going to give it to Snapper.
They're going to buy some sweets.
He's going to win the prize for Art.



10-Write the questions for these answers. Use the words below.

buy Mo a bicycle see a film be late ~~make a cake~~
drink some water win the football match be angry rain tomorrow
pass my Maths test go swimming do this homework

Are we going to make a cake?

Yes, we are. Here's some flour, some sugar and two eggs.

1-those boys ?

No, they aren't. They aren't playing very well.

2-we.....

Yes, we are. It's half past ten!

3-I.....

No, you aren't. You don't understand Maths.

4-she.....

Yes, she is. She's buying a cinema ticket.

5-it.....

No, it isn't. It's going to be hot and sunny.

6-he.....

No, he isn't. He doesn't feel well.



7-Spike.....

Yes, he is. I'm eating his sweets.

8-they.....

Yes, they are. They're at the bicycle shop now.

9-Snapper.....

No, he isn't. He can't find his towel.

10-she.....

Yes, she is. She's very thirsty.

Superlatives

11- Complete the blanks with the superlative degree of the adjectives in brackets, as in the example.

The purple car is **the most expensive** (expensive) of all.

The fat clown is _____ (funny) of the four.

Betty is wearing a mini skirt. She is the _____

(fashionable) woman.

The brown puppy is _____ (small) of all.

There are three films on tonight. "Terror Night" is _____

(bad) of all.



12- Complete the blanks with the correct form of the adjectives in the box

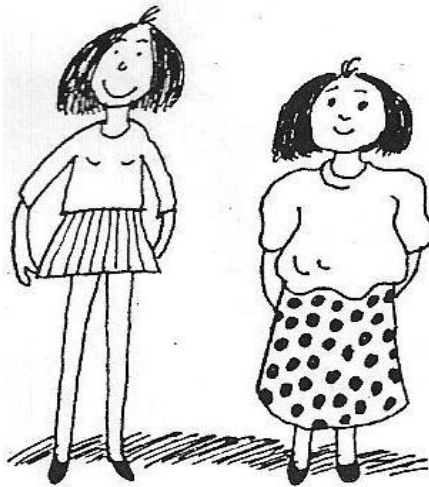
difficult	young	fast	good
small	comfortable	poor	cold

1. Peter is ***the youngest*** in the family.
2. Winter is the _____ of all seasons.
3. Trains are _____ than horses.
4. The film is not as _____ as the book.
5. Some of the _____ people in the world live in Asia and Africa.
6. Greece is _____ than Spain.
7. Our school subjects are _____ than yours.
8. The armchair is as _____ as the sofa.

Comparatives

13- Look at the drawings of Silvie and Jane for a minute. Try to remember what they look like. Then cover up the drawings and fill in the adjectives from the box.

larger	long	shorter	big	taller	sweet
		more beautiful	smaller		



Silvie

Jane

Silvie is taller than her sister Jane. Her hair is as _____ as her sister's. Her eyes are _____ than Jane's, and her mouth is a little bit _____.

Silvie's skirt is _____ than Jane's, and her sweater is not as _____ as Jane's. Some people say that Jane is _____ than Silvie, but their mum thinks they are both _____ girls.

14- Look at the two pictures and make sentences using the words in brackets and the comparative degree of the adjectives, as in the example.





e.g. (smoke coming from the chimney/small) The smoke coming from the chimney in the first picture is smaller than the smoke in the second picture.

1. (the end of the dog's tail / light)

2. (the pine trees on the left side of the picture /short)

3. (the dog's paws /definite)

4. (the snowfall is / heavy)

5. (the attic is / dark)

6. (the handle of the broom / long)

7. (the snowman is / fat)

Must / Mustn't

15- Ruff's Amazing Shrinking Potion

This potion makes you very, very small.





First turn off the lights. Don't forget to wear a white T-shirt. This is very important.

1. Don't show the recipe to anyone.
2. Use one large (size 10) blue test tube. Don't use a yellow test tube.
3. Don't forget to wear white gloves.
4. Mix three spoons of red powder and some water. Don't use hot water!
5. Don't touch the mixture. Leave for one hour and three minutes.
6. Open Bottle 33 – don't shake the bottle. Put Potion 33 in the blue text tube.
7. Add one small spoon of pea soup. Don't stir the potion!
8. Sing a song three times but don't sing loudly.
9. Say this magic spell but don't say it slowly, say it very quickly: "Ruff puff, Ruff huff. Ruff is a wonder fluff."
10. The portion is ready. Drink it slowly with your eyes shut. Don't open your eyes for seven minutes.

Now open your eyes. You are very, very small!

Now, write what you mustn't do

You mustn't forget to wear a white T-shirt.

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6



7

8

9

10

Simple Past

16- Here are some irregular verbs. Match the infinitives (on the left) and their past forms (on the right). Write them below.

bring	eat	run	drank	went	stood
buy	fly	see	lost	swam	wrote
catch	get up	spend	caught	bought	brought
do	give	stand	ate	flew	gave
drink	go	swim	got up	spent	ran
drive	lose	write	saw	did	drove

bring – brought, eat – ate,

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



17- Fill in the blanks with affirmative and negative simple past forms.

1 He drank some milk: he didn't drink any water. (drink)

2 She only \$1: she \$10. (spend)

3 I some elephants: I.....any lions. (see)

4 Theyin the sea: theyin the lake. (swim)

5 We..... to France: weto Italy. (fly)

18- Fill in the blanks with the correct simple past form of the verbs in brackets.

1 Mammoths *were* big animals like elephants. (be)

2 Mammoths 100 years ago. (not live)

3 Mammoths a long time ago. (live)

4 Some dinosaurs in the air and some in the sea. (fly / swim)

5 Mammoths in the sea and they in the air. (not fly / not swim)

6 Mammoths meat. They grass. (not eat / eat)

7 They two large tusks about three metres long. (have)



19- Ask and answer questions. Then write them.

**The cat / catch / a spider
yesterday?**

-No / it / catch / a mouse

Did the cat catch a spider yesterday?

- No, it didn't. It caught a mouse.

2. you / go / to London last year?

- No / I / go / to Athens

.....
.....
.....
.....

**4. they / get up / at 8 o'clock
yesterday?**

- No / they / get up / at 7 o'clock

.....
.....
.....
.....

1. she / write / to John last week?

-No / she / write / to Jason

.....
.....
.....
.....

3. he / buy / a camera last month?

-No / he / buy / a computer

.....
.....
.....
.....

**5. you / lose / your camera last
weekend?**

-No / I / lose / my English book

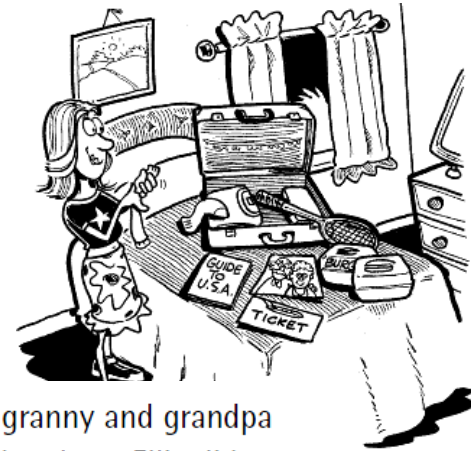
.....
.....
.....
.....



Reading Comprehension

20-Look at the picture and read the story.

Answer the questions in no more than three words.



Ellie loves travelling round the world. Last month she went to visit her granny and grandpa in the United States. They live in San Francisco and she travelled there by plane. Ellie did lots of things in San Francisco. She went to Chinatown and ate Chinese food. She went on a boat trip, she visited an old prison, and she crossed the famous Golden Gate bridge.

Ellie travelled to San Diego with her granny and grandpa and they went to the largest zoo in the world. They saw lots of animals. They went to Yellowstone Park and stayed there three nights. They slept in a tent and went for a long hike. Ellie went swimming and she played tennis too. She wanted to go to New York, but it was too far away.

Ellie is in Britain now. She came home this morning. It's cold and wet outside. Ellie is tired, so she's going to stay in bed all day.

Example

When did Ellie go to the United States? *last month*

Questions

- 1 How did she travel to the United States?
- 2 What did she eat in Chinatown?
- 3 Where is the largest zoo in the world?
- 4 What did they see at the zoo?
- 5 Where did she sleep in Yellowstone Park?
- 6 Why is she going to stay in bed all day? because



21-A) Read and answer

1. Is there any wind on the Moon?

2. When did the first people go to the Moon?

3. What did they see in the sky?

4. What did they wear on the Moon?

5. Are their footprints on the Moon now?



Footprints on the Moon

When you walk on the sand, you leave footprints behind you. Then the wind comes and covers your footprints. But there is no wind on the Moon and no rain. There is no air and no weather. So the footprints of the first people on the Moon are still there today.

Those men are famous now. Their names are Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin. They climbed out of their spaceship and stood on the Moon on 20th July 1969.

They looked around and saw no living things. The ground was dark grey and dusty, and the sky was black. They could see the Earth in the sky. The Earth was blue and white.

Then they started to walk on the Moon. They were in heavy spacesuits but they could walk and jump easily. They could move six metres with each step. It was easy because everything on the Moon is lighter than on the Earth. Things are lighter because there is less gravity. This is because the Moon is smaller than the Earth.

Armstrong and Aldrin sent only three hours on the Moon, but their footprints will probably stay there for hundreds of years.



B) Choose a, b or c

- 1 Footprints have a short life on the
a) Earth b) Moon c) Sun

- 2 There is no wind on the Moon because
a) The weather is good b) there is no air c) there is no rain

- 3 Armstrong and Aldrin went to the Moon.....
a) after the first people b) ten years ago c) in a spaceship

- 4 They saw.....
a) plants and animals. b) white sand. c) a black sky.

- 5 They could walk and jump easily because they.....
a) had spacesuits b) were lighter c) had long legs

- 6 The Moon's gravity is the Earth's gravity.
a) not as strong as b) as strong as c) stronger than

- 7 will cover their footprints in the near future.
a) Grey dust b) Sand c) Nothing

C) Answer the questions

- 1 Who left the first footprints on the Moon?
.....

- 2 How old are the footprints now?
.....



3 Why are the footprints still there?

.....

22- Read about Emma's family. Then look at the sentences a-f below. Are they True or False? Write T or F next to the sentences.

There are five people in my family, my mother and father, my two brothers and me. I haven't got a sister. My father's name is Tom and he's 40 years old. He's an accountant but he doesn't work in an office, he works at home. My mum's 37 and her name is Julie. She's an architect and she likes her job very much. My big brother, Kevin, is 19 years old and he studies at University. He plays the guitar and he's great. My young brother Jim is only 4 years old and he likes singing. I love my family and we are very happy together.

a Tom and Julie have got three children.

b Emma has got a sister.
.....

c Emma's father is an accountant.
.....

d Emma's mother is forty years old.
.....

e Kevin is Tom's son.
.....

f Jim has got a guitar.
.....

Read the text again and complete the sentences a-e below.

a. Emma's father works.....

b. Emma's mother is an.....

c. Jim likes.....

d.studies at university.

e. Emma loves



Past Continuous

23- Complete the sentences with past continuous.

- a. The dogs (bark) loudly.
- b. When it started to rain, Susan (play) with her dog.
- c. The birds (sing) sweetly.
- d. My brother (cry) for the toy.
- e. Dad (drink) tea when the newspaper boy arrived.

Past Continuous vs Past simple

24- Complete the sentences with past continuous or past simple.

- a. I (do) my homework when someone (knock) at the door.
- b. We (watch) TV when we (hear) a loud noise.
- c. He (work) in the garden when he (find) the money.
- d. Why you (cry) when I (arrive)?
- e. What they (do) when Dan (fall)?
- f. My mum (make) cupcakes while my father (read) a book.
- g. Simon (ride) his bike when it (start) to rain.
- h. While Joseph and his family (play) football, I (swim) in the pool.
- i. She (sing) on the stage when the lights (go) out.
- j. My aunt (walk) her dogs when she (see) her parents entering the market.



While and When

25- Complete the sentences with WHILE or WHEN.

- a. I was making a birthday cake, a bee flew into the kitchen through the open window.
- b. they went into the room, they saw the surprise.
- c. John was driving home, he saw a great accident.
- d. I was washing the dishes, my wife came home.
- e. it started to rain, we went inside.
- f. I was watching TV the telephone rang.
- g. My mum was cooking I was sleeping.
- h. I was running I fell down.
- i. my mum called my brother, he was playing football in the garden.
- j. I was talking on the phone the children were playing.



Reading Comprehension

26- Read the text carefully. Then, decide if the sentences are *true* or *false*.

Last night Mr. and Mrs. Rojas stayed home. It was cold and rainy and they didn't want to go out in the bad weather. Mrs. Rojas made some popcorn and ice tea. At 8:00, Mr. and Mrs. Rojas went into the living room, sat on the sofa and began the movie and ate and drank. At 8:15, Mr. and Mrs. Rojas realized they already watched the movie last year and they didn't want to watch it again.

"Now what?" asked Mr. Rojas. "Let's play cards!" answered Mrs. Rojas. At 8:30 Mr. and Mrs. Rojas started to play cards. They were playing for about 10 minutes when Mr. Rojas looked out the window. The rain changed to snow and the trees were covered in beautiful white snowflakes. "I'm happy we stayed home tonight. It looks beautiful outside but this weather is very dangerous to drive in." said Mr. Rojas. "You're right," said Mrs. Rojas, "but I'm bored. Let's play some music and dance."

Mr. Rojas was surprised. "Dance? But I really don't"

"Oh come on!" Mrs. Rojas insisted. She put on a romantic CD and they both started to dance. They were dancing for about 1 minute when suddenly the music stopped and the lights went out. Mrs. Rojas laughed. "We're just not very lucky tonight, are we?" she said. Mr. Rojas said, "Of course we're lucky! We are together!" He kissed her and continued to dance with her, in the dark and without music.

- a. Last night, Mr. and Mrs. Rojas stayed home because their friends were going to visit them. **T/F**
- b. Mr. and Mrs. Rojas decided to watch a movie again. **T/F**
- c. All of a sudden, it was snowing outside and the trees were covered in snowflakes. **T/F**
- d. Mr. and Mrs. Rojas started to dance because they got bored while playing cards. **T/F**
- e. The lights went out but Mr. and Mrs. Rojas continued dancing in the dark. **T/F**

27- Go back to the text and circle the verbs in the past simple form.



Used to (habits in the past)

28- Choose the correct answer.

- a. I..... skinny when I was young.
I) used to be II) used be III) used to
- b. We in Italy.
I) used be living II) used live III) used to live
- c. My brother and I a lot when we were young.
I) used to fought II) used to be fighting III) used to fight
- d. My mum me a bedtime story every night.
I) used read II) used to read III) used to reading
- e. People to the radio more in the old days.
I) used to listening II) used listen III) used to listen

29- Complete the sentences with *Used to* (affirmative or negative.)

Examples: My mum **used to cook** (cook) when she was a child.

John **didn't use to watch** (not watch) TV.

- a. I (ride) a bike, but now I do not like it.
- b. Ann (not play) football when she was young. She hated it.
- c. My sisters (cook) delicious meals for Christmas Eve.
- d. When I was a child, I (not drink) milk. It was disgusting for me!
- e. Susan and her family (visit) us, but now they do not do it anymore.



Had to

30- Complete the sentences with *had to/didn't have to*.

Example: I **had to clean** (clean) my bedroom yesterday morning.

- a. I (not wait) for the bus for a long time. It arrived in just five minutes.
- b. We (buy) a new sofa for the house because my dog bit the old one.
- c. My sister (study) a lot for the exam. Fortunately, she passed it!
- d. They (call) the police because their house was robbed.
- e. Sam (get up) at 6 this morning.

Could/Couldn't

Could and couldn't



We use **could** or **couldn't** + base form to talk about ability in the past. **Could** and **couldn't** are the past forms of **can** and **can't**.

*The children **could** speak two languages when they were five.*

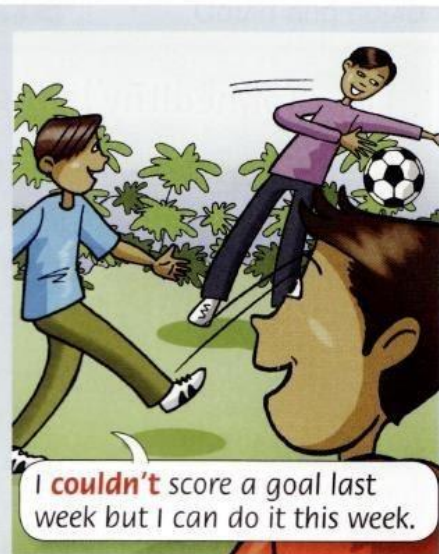
*He **couldn't** see the board because he needed glasses.*

We can use **can** to compare a situation or ability in the past with one now.

*Max **couldn't** speak French when he was young, but he **can** now.*

*A few months ago, Irina **couldn't** swim. She **can** now.*

*Oliver **could** swim very fast when he was little, but he **can't** now.*





31 – Look at the list. Complete the sentences with *could* / *couldn't*.



Ten years ago ...	
drive a car	✓
use a computer	✗
speak Spanish	✓
pitch a tent	✗
run ten kilometres	✗
light a fire	✓
write computer programs	✓
play the guitar	✗
climb trees	✓



- a. Edward drive a car.
- b. He use a computer.
- c. Hespeak Spanish.
- d. He pitch a tent.
- e. Herun 10 kms.
- f. He light a fire.
- g. He write computer programs.
- h. He play the guitar.
- i. He climb trees.



Conjunctions (so, but, because, and)

32 - Complete the sentences.

It's Christmas
..... they brought
a Christmas tree



The weather was
hotthey
went swimming



She opened the
umbrella
.....
it was raining



The turtle can walk
.....it can't
run



The bee can fly
.....it has got
wings



The elephant is
big.....fat



He is sad
he didn't pass the
test.



They are happy
.....they are
on holiday.



They are good
singers
they are at the
school chorus.



He is studying
.....he has a
test tomorrow.



He is happy
..... he
bought a new car.



My sister is tall
.....thin .





Lucy went to bed
early.....she was
tired.



He had toothache
..... he saw
the dentist



The baby can crawl
.....he can't walk



Prepositions of time

33- Complete the sentences with the correct preposition of time (in, on, at).

- a. Every morning, I wake up eight o'clock.
- b. Her birthday is 23rd November.
- c. I'm so excited! The party is Friday!
- d. My parents met 1982.
- e. The movie starts half past seven.
- f. My birthday is March.
- g. There are many flowers spring.
- h. The exam is 5th May.
- i. In England, it often snows December.
- j. Do you work Mondays?
- k. America was discovered 1492.
- l. I like to read in bed night.
- m. Sarah is visiting us Wednesday.
- n. Christmas is 25th December.
- o. I go to bed half past nine.



Pronouns


34- Choose the correct subject or object pronoun.


Help! Object pronouns:

Remember!

Subject pronouns do the action.

Object pronouns receive the action.


Look at **me!** 


Look at **you!** 

Look at **him!** 

Look at **her!** 

Look at **it!**  / 

Look at **us!** 

Look at **you!** 

Look at **them!** 

- a. He lives with **Helen**. He lives with
- b. John likes **the movie**. John likes
- c. **Jane and I** are friends. are friends.
- d. **The computer** is broken. is broken.
- e. He will talk to **Sam** later today. He will talk to later today.
- f. **The children** play in the park every day. play every day.



- g.** He does not know **Peter and Mike**. He does not know
- h.** **My mother and father** like baseball.like baseball.
- i.** The teacher helped **my friend and I**. The teacher helped
- j.** **The rugby players** have a game tonight.have a game tonight.

35- Complete the sentences a-h with the words in the box.

He's His She's Her They're Her Their He's

Remember!

He's = He is
She's = She is
They're = They are

- a.** My mother works at a school. a teacher.
- b.** I have got an uncle. name is Bob.
- c.** Mary's eyes are brown. hair is black.
- d.** My brother's name is Edwin.a student.
- e.** My parents are very young. both doctors.
- f.** I've got two cousins. names are Ben and Sue.












g. This is my sister.hobby is basketball.

h. Look! That's Mr. Green!my teacher.

Reading Comprehension / Writing

36- Look at the picture and write three sentences for each picture, as in the example.

	AGE	HAS GOT	LIKES
a) 	50		
b) 	14		
c) 	30		

a) *He is 50 years old and he is a farmer. He has got a horse. He likes football.*

b) _____

c) _____



37-Complete the chart below with information about your family.

Father	Mother
Name _____	Name _____
Age _____	Age _____
Job _____	Job _____
Likes _____	Likes _____

Brother(s)/Sister(s)	
Name _____	Name _____
Age _____	Age _____
Job _____	Job _____
Likes _____	Likes _____
Has got _____	Has got _____



How many people are there in your family?

How do you feel about your family?

Writing:

38- Write a diary of what you did this week e.g., on Monday I went to the cinema.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





4TH FORM BOOKLET (KEY) (RESPUESTAS)

Exercise 1

There is a pullover.

There are some trousers.

There is a book.

There is a towel.

There are three ties.

There is a brush.

There is a comb.

There is a toothbrush.

There are some (pairs of) socks.

There are two pairs of sunglasses.

There are some handkerchiefs.

Exercise 2

2 Has Jane got any sweets? Yes, she has.

3 Have they got any milk. No, they haven't.

4 Has Jason got any apples? Yes, he has.

5 Has Jane got any cherries? No, she hasn't.

Exercise 3 (Sample answers/ Respuestas abiertas, éstos son ejemplos guía)

1. We have got a house/an apartment.

2. It has got....rooms.

3. It has got a balcony/garden.

4. I have got a cat/dog.

5. Yes, I have/No, I haven't.



Exercise 4

2. are flying
3. are having
4. are going
5. is reading
6. are studying
7. is working

Exercise 5

- They are playing tennis. They aren't playing football.
- I'm singing. I'm not listening to music.
- He's watching TV. He isn't reading a book.
- We are drinking water. We aren't drinking tea.
- She's washing her teeth. She isn't washing her face.

Exercise 6

Birds are often noisy.

Giraffes are always tall.

Cats usually go out at night.

Bears sometimes climb trees.

Rabbits always have long ears.

Monkeys are usually very clever.

Snakes sometimes bite people.

Cats rarely like water.

Chickens never fly.

Ducks often stand on one leg.



Exercise 7

1. The **crocodile/frog** lives near water.
2. The **tortoise** rarely moves fast.
3. The **cat** sometimes climbs trees.
4. The **kangaroo** usually jumps.
5. The **cow** often eats grass.

Exercise 8

2. He is going to wash the car.
3. It is going to rain.
4. They are going to cook.
5. The cat is going to catch/eat the mouse.
6. She is going to have a bath.

Exercise 9

Snapper is playing with Mo's radio. He's going to break it.

Mo's father is at the newsagent's. He's going to buy a newspaper.

Mo's sister is switching the television on. She's going to watch a cartoon.

Mo's mother is sitting in the sun. She's going to be very hot.

Mo and his family are packing their suitcases. They're going to go on holiday.

Pad draws good pictures. He's going to win the prize for Art.

Mo doesn't do his homework. He isn't going to pass his tests.

Mo is wrapping a present. He's going to give it to Snapper.

Mo's mother is going to the post office. She's going to post a letter.

Snapper and Mo are in the sweet shop. They're going to buy some sweets.



Exercise 10

1. Are those boys going to win the football match?
2. Are we going to be late?
3. Am I going to pass my Math test?
4. Is she going to see a film?
5. Is it going to rain tomorrow?
6. Is he going to do this homework?
7. Is Spike going to be angry?
8. Are they going to buy Mo a new bicycle?
9. Is Snapper going to go swimming?
10. Is she going to drink some water?

Exercise 11

- the funniest
- the most fashionable
- the smallest
- the worst

Exercise 12

2. coldest
3. faster
4. good
5. poorest
6. smaller
7. more difficult
8. comfortable



Exercise 13

- long
- smaller
- larger/bigger
- shorter
- big/large
- more beautiful
- sweet

Exercise 14

1. The end of the dog's tail in the second picture is lighter than the end of the dog's tail in the second picture.
2. The pine trees on the left side of the first picture are shorter than the pine trees in the second picture.
3. The dog's paws in the second picture are more definite than the dog's paws in the first picture.
4. The snowfall in the first picture is heavier than the snowfall in the second picture.
5. The attic in the second picture is darker than the attic in the first picture.
6. The handle of the broom in the second picture is longer than the handle of the broom in the first picture.
7. The snowman in the second picture is fatter than the snowman in the first picture.



Exercise 15

1. You mustn't show the recipe to anyone.
2. You must use one large (size 10) blue test tube. You mustn't use a yellow test tube.
3. You mustn't forget to wear white gloves.
4. You must mix three spoons of red powder and some water. You mustn't use hot water!
5. You mustn't touch the mixture. You must leave for one hour and three minutes.
6. You must open Bottle 33 – you mustn't shake the bottle. You must put Potion 33 in the blue test tube.
7. You must add one small spoon of pea soup. You mustn't stir the potion!
8. You must sing a song three times, but you mustn't sing loudly.
9. You must say this magic spell but you mustn't say it slowly, you must say it very quickly.
10. You must drink it slowly with your eyes shut. You mustn't open your eyes for seven minutes.

Exercise 16

run-ran, buy-bought, fly- flew, see-saw, catch-caught, get up-got up, spend-spent, do-did, give-gave, stand-stood, drink-drank, go-went, swim-swam, drive-drove, lose-lost, write-wrote.

Exercise 17

2. spent; didn't spend
3. saw; didn't see
4. swam; didn't swim
5. flew; didn't fly



Exercise 18

2. didn't live
3. lived
4. flew / swam
5. didn't fly / didn't swim
6. didn't eat / ate
7. had

Exercise 19

1. Did she write to John last week? No, she didn't. She wrote to Jason.
2. Did you go to London last year? No, I didn't. I went to Athens.
3. Did he buy a camera last month? No, he didn't. He bought a computer.
4. Did they get up at 8 o'clock yesterday? No, they didn't. They got up at 7 o'clock.
5. Did you lose your camera last weekend? No, I didn't. I lost my English book.

Reading Comprehension

Exercise 20

1. by plane
2. Chinese food
3. San Diego
4. lots of animals
5. in a tent
6. she's tired



Exercise 21-A)

1. No, there isn't. There is no wind on the Moon.
2. The first people went to the Moon on 20th July 1969.
3. They saw the Earth in the sky.
4. They wore heavy spacesuits.
5. Yes, they are.

Exercise 21- B)

1. A
2. B
3. C
4. C
5. B
6. A
7. C

Exercise 21- C)

1. Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin left their first footprints on the moon.
2. They are 42 years old.
3. Because there is no wind on the Moon.

Exercise 22 - A)

- a. T
- b. F
- c. T
- d. F
- e. T
- f. F



Exercise 22- B)

- a. at home
- b. architect
- c. singing
- d. Kevin
- e. her family

Exercise 23

- a. were barking
- b. was playing
- c. were singing
- d. was crying
- e. was drinking

Exercise 24

- a. was doing/knocked
- b. were watching/heard
- c. was working/found
- d. were/crying/arrived
- e. were/doing/fell
- f. was making/was reading
- g. was riding/started
- h. were playing/was swimming
- i. was singing/went
- j. was walking/saw

Exercise 25

- a. While
- b. When
- c. While
- d. While
- e. When



- f. when
- g. while
- h. when
- i. When
- j. while

Exercise 26

- a- False
- b- False
- c- True
- d- True
- e- True

Exercise 27

stayed, was, made, went, sat, began, ate, drank, realized, watched, asked, answered, started, looked, changed, insisted, stopped, laughed, said, kissed, continued

Exercise 28

- a. I) used to be
- b. III) used to live
- c. III) used to fight
- d. II) used to read
- e. III) used to listen

Exercise 29

- a. used to ride
- b. didn't use to play
- c. used to cook
- d. didn't use to drink
- e. used to visit

Exercise 30

- a. didn't have to wait
- b. had to buy
- c. had to study
- d. had to call
- e. had to get up



Exercise 31

- a. could
- b. couldn't
- c. could
- d. couldn't
- e. couldn't
- f. could
- g. could
- h. couldn't
- i. could

Exercise 32

It's Christmas
....**so**..... they brought
a Christmas tree



The weather was
hot**so**.....they
went swimming



She opened the
umbrella
....**because**.....
it was raining



The turtle can walk
..**but**.....it can't
run



The bee can fly
..**because**..it has got
wings



The elephant is
big.....**and**....fat



He is sad ...**because**....
he didn't pass the
test.



They are happy
..**because**....they are
on holiday





They are good singers**so**..... they are at the school chorus.



He is studying**because**.....he has a test tomorrow.



He is happy ...**because** he bought a new car.



My sister is tall**and**.....thin .



Lucy went to bed early**because** .she was tired.



He had toothache**so**..... he saw the dentist



The baby can crawl**but**...he can't walk



Exercise 33

- a. at
- b. on
- c. on
- d. in
- e. at
- f. in
- g. in
- h. on
- i. in
- j. on
- k. in
- l. at
- m. on
- n. on
- o. at



Exercise 34

- a. her
- b. it
- c. We
- d. It
- e. him
- f. They
- g. them
- h. They
- i. us
- j. They

Exercise 35

- a. She's
- b. His
- c. Her
- d. He's
- e. They're
- f. Their
- g. Her
- h. He's

Exercise 36

- He is 14 years old and he is a student. He has got a dog. He likes music.
- She is 30 years old and she is a policewoman. She has got a car. She likes dancing.

Exercises 37, 38

Open answers (Respuestas abiertas)